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INTERNATIONAL STANDARD



Maximum power point tracking efficiency of grid connected photovoltaic inverters

INTERNATIONAL ELECTROTECHNICAL COMMISSION

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CONTENTS

FC	DREWC)RD	4
1	Scop	pe	6
2	Norn	native references	6
3	Term	ns and definitions	6
	3.1	Inverter input (PV generator)	6
	3.2	Inverter output (grid)	7
	3.3	Measured quantities	7
	3.4	Calculated quantities	8
4	MPP	T efficiencies	9
	4.1	General description	9
	4.2	Test set-up	10
	4.3	Static MPPT efficiency	11
	4.3.1	Test conditions	11
	4.3.2	Measurement procedure	12
	4.3.3	Evaluation – Calculation of static MPPT efficiency	13
	4.4	Test conditions for dynamic MPPT efficiency	13
	4.4.1	Dynamic MPPT efficiency	13
	4.4.2	Measurement procedure	14
	4.4.3	Evaluation – Calculation of the dynamic MPPT efficiency	14
5	Calc	ulation of the overall efficiency	15
Ar	nex A	(normative) Requirements on the measuring apparatus	16
	A.1	PV generator simulator	16
	A.1.1	General	16
	A.1.2	Requirements on the static characteristic	16
	A.1.3	Requirement on the transient stability	17
	A.1.4	Requirements on the dynamic characteristic	17
	A.1.5		
	A.1.6	S Calibration – Uncertainty	17
	A.2	AC power supply	17
Ar	nex B	(normative) Test conditions for dynamic MPPT efficiency	18
	B.1	Test profiles	18
	B.2	Test sequence with ramps 10 % – 50 % G _{STC} (See Table B.1)	20
	B.3	Test sequence with ramps 30 % – 100 % G _{STC} (See Table B.2)	
	B.4	Start-up and shut-down test with slow ramps (See Table B.3 and Figure B.3)	
	B.5	Total test duration	22
Ar	nex C	(normative) Models of current/voltage characteristic of PV generator	23
	C.1	PV generator model for MPPT performance tests	23
	C.2	Alternative PV generator model for MPPT performance tests	
Ar	nex D	(normative) Efficiency weighting factors	
	D.1	European efficiency	
	D.2	CEC efficiency	
Ar		(normative) Specification of the static MPPT and conversion efficiency in	_,
		normalised rated AC power	30
	E.1	General	30
	E.2	Re-normalisation of output power P_{AC} to the rated output power $P_{AC,r}$	30

E.3	Representation of the conversion efficiency in terms of normalised rated output power	30
E.4	Interpolation on normative nodes	
E.5	Result	
_	phy	
5 1		
Figure 1 -	- Example test set-up for MPPT efficiency measurements	11
	1 – Test sequence for fluctuations between small and medium irradiation	10
	2 – Test sequence for fluctuations between medium and high irradiation	10
	·	19
	3 – Test sequence for the start-up and shut-down test of grid connected	22
	1 – Irradiation-dependent V-I- and V-P characteristic of a c-Si PV generator	
	2 – Irradiation-dependent V-I- and V-P characteristic of a thin-film PV	26
generator		20
Table 1 –	Test specifications for static MPPT efficiency	12
	General requirements on the simulated I/V characteristic of the PV	16
	– Dynamic MPPT-Test 10 % $ ightarrow$ 50 % $G_{\mbox{STC}}$ (valid for the evaluation of	0.0
,		20
Table B.2 η_{MPPTdyn})	– Dynamic MPPT-Test 30 % \rightarrow 100 % $G_{\mbox{STC}}$ (valid for the evaluation of	21
Table B.3	– Dynamic MPPT- Slow Ramp 1 % \rightarrow 10 % G_{STC} (valid for the evaluation of	
•		
	Technology-dependent parameters	
	- MPP-values obtained with the cSi PV model	
Table C.3	- MPP-values obtained with the TF-PV mode	27
	 Weighting factors and partial MPP power levels for the calculation of the efficiency 	29
	Weighting factors and partial MPP power levels for the calculation of the iency (California Energy Commission)	29
	Measured quantities at the conversion efficiency test	
	- Conversion efficiency in term of rated AC power	
	- Allowed limits for the nodes of the normalised AC power	
	- Sought values by means of interpolation	
	- Interpolated conversion efficiencies	

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The text of this standard is based on the following documents:

FDIS	Report on voting
82/1723/FDIS	82/1736/RVD

Full information on the voting for the approval of this standard can be found in the report on voting indicated in the above table.

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MAXIMUM POWER POINT TRACKING EFFICIENCY OF GRID CONNECTED PHOTOVOLTAIC INVERTERS

1 Scope

This document provides a procedure for the measurement of the efficiency of the maximum power point tracking (MPPT) of inverters used in grid-connected photovoltaic (PV) systems. Both the static and dynamic MPPT efficiency are considered. Based on the static MPPT efficiency calculated in this document and steady state conversion efficiency determined in IEC 61683 the overall efficiency can be calculated.

The dynamic MPPT efficiency is indicated separately.

NOTE This document addresses PV inverters connected to an AC grid. However, this procedure may also be used for other power conversion devices with MPPT functionality used in PV systems, such as charge controllers or optimizers.

2 Normative references

The following documents are referred to in the text in such a way that some or all of their content constitutes requirements of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

IEC 61683, Photovoltaic systems – Power conditioners – Procedure for measuring efficiency

IEC TS 61836, Solar photovoltaic energy systems – Terms, definitions and symbols

EN 50160, Voltage characteristics of electricity supplied by public distribution networks